

ARGENTINE PREPARING FOR SEVERANCE WITH GERMANY 2,300,000 MEN ARE TO BE EQUIPPED Vast Army To Be Sent Against Huns

SENATE TAKES ACTION, DEPUTIES VOTE TODAY

Resolution Instructs President Irigoyen To Give German Ambassador His Passports And Orders Recall of Minister From Berlin; Gratifying To United States

WASHINGTON, September 20—(Associated Press)—The Argentine Republic is on the eve of severing diplomatic relations with Germany, with a strong probability that that greatest of South American Republics will join with the Entente in active hostilities against the Central Powers.

Yesterday, by a vote of twenty-three to one, the Argentine senate passed a resolution calling upon President Irigoyen to hand the minister of Germany his passports and recall the Argentine minister at Berlin, thus breaking off diplomatic relations with the nation which had carried on war against Argentina by sinking her ships on their lawful business and murdering her citizens without giving them a chance for their lives.

GOES TO DEPUTIES TODAY

This resolution goes today to the Argentine chamber of deputies, where it is certain to pass. Despatches last night from Buenos Aires state that the resolution is backed by strong, popular demand, the feeling against Germany, due to the recent disclosures of the actions and recommendations of the German charge d'affaires.

This news from Buenos Aires, telling of the action of the Argentine congress comes as a pleasant surprise to officials here, who make no secret of the fact that the participation of this South American nation in the war on the side of the United States will be most welcome, while even the severance of diplomatic relations is certain to exercise a profound impression throughout South America and prevent any of the smaller Republics from allowing itself to be used as a base for German intrigue.

PARTICULARLY GRATIFIES UNITED STATES

The news from Buenos Aires is particularly gratifying as it is believed that the action of the senate yesterday comes as a direct result of the disclosures made by Secretary Lansing of the activities of the German charge d'affaires at Buenos Aires, carried on through the complaisant assistant of the Swedish minister, Baron Lowen.

It was learned yesterday from London that it is improbable that Great Britain will consent to allow Count Luxburg, the German charge at Buenos Aires, to return to Germany through the British blockade under a safe conduct, for the present at least. Count Luxburg had been ordered by the German foreign office to request Argentina to obtain for him a safe conduct in order that he might return to Berlin to explain personally the statements made in Washington that he had advised the destruction of certain Argentine ships leaving no traces and had notified his government of the sailing dates of these ships and of their destinations. These despatches he had induced Baron Lowen to forward as official Swedish despatches.

SWEDEN SILENT

As yet the Swedish government has made no move to explain the use of Swedish representatives abroad as forwarding agents for German official despatches, although Stockholm has been called upon for an explanation by the United States, by France and by Great Britain. It is thought here that this official reticence at Stockholm regarding the exposures published by Secretary Lansing is largely a cloak covering what must necessarily be embarrassing internal reforms in the Swedish cabinet.

Officials of the state department here make no effort to conceal the fact that the United States is disposed to accept the unofficial assurances of Admiral Lindmann, the Swedish minister of foreign affairs, of the regret of the Swedish government of what has occurred and of the indignation of the Swedish people that their representatives abroad have allowed themselves to be so used by the German representatives. Such a statement, even though made unofficially, would be accepted here as a true indication of the attitude of the Swedish public.

ACKNOWLEDGE TRUTH

Sweden must officially acknowledge the truth of the charges made by the American government, however. Until such an official admission of guilt is made from Stockholm it is not at all probable that the Swedish representatives abroad will be afforded the same facilities for the transmission of their messages over the British controlled cable lines as they have heretofore enjoyed.

IS SWEDEN SPYING FOR THE GERMANS?

WASHINGTON, September 20—Whether Sweden has assisted German intrigues against the United States as she did against Argentina will be de-

"God Keep and Guide You, Soldiers of the National Army."

To the Soldiers of the National Army:

You are undertaking a great duty. The heart of the whole country is with you. Everything that you do will be watched with the deepest interest and with the deepest solicitude not only by those who are near and dear to you, but by the whole Nation besides. For this great war draws us all together, makes us all comrades and brothers, as all true Americans felt themselves to be when we first made good our national independence. The eyes of all the world will be upon you, because you are in some special sense the soldiers of freedom.

Let it be your pride, therefore, to show all men everywhere not only what good soldiers you are, but also what good men you are, keeping yourselves fit and straight in everything, and pure and clean through and through. Let us set for ourselves a standard so high that it will be a glory to live up to it, and then let us live up to it and add a new laurel to the crown of America. My affectionate confidence goes with you in every battle and every test. God keep and guide you!

WOODROW WILSON.

The White House, Washington.

MAY DEMAND DRAFT ALL WEALTH FIRST

Canadian Labor Organization Considers Strike If Riches Are Not Taken Over

OTTAWA, September 20—(Associated Press)—Unless conscription of wealth shall precede conscription of men, a great strike may be called throughout the Dominion of Canada. Delegates of the Dominion Trade Labor Congress, now in session here, considered yesterday and will resume consideration today, it is expected, of a resolution which demands that wealth shall be made subject to conscription just as men have been and that this shall be done in the first instance.

In the debate on the resolution yesterday it was asserted that the poor man has nothing but his strength and his body and this he is called upon under the conscription law to give to his country. On the other hand, it is declared, vast fortunes have been made and are being further swollen by the already wealthy as a result of war industries. By conscription of wealth is meant the taking over and the conduct of such industries by the government and the taking over for use in the conduct of the war, to defray expenses of the fortunes of the wealthy, the putting of the poor and the rich on what is termed equality, so that each will give all that he has to his country.

Whether or not the resolution will prevail could not be determined from yesterday's debate. The opponents to conscription and the more radical labor elements were giving it strong support from the floor.

BROAD SUGGESTIONS MADE AT SESSION

Business Men Pass Resolutions For Drastic Governmental Changes In Purchasing

ATLANTIC CITY, New Jersey, September 20—(Associated Press)—Creation of a great committee of the business men of the country, representing all branches of business and industry, to deal directly with the government in all purchases of munitions and supplies and other war and government necessities was the broad and comprehensive plan that was suggested in resolutions before the congress of business men called to meet here by the United States Chamber of Commerce, at its session yesterday. After considerable debate, the resolution was adopted by a large majority.

Along similar lines to the first resolution, but to represent the government, a second body was advocated in another resolution which was adopted. This resolution calls for the naming by the government of a central government purchasing agency to take over the functions of the war industries board and the purchasing departments of the army and the navy. The plan appears to be to form two bodies in this way which will deal with one another with convenience and facility.

Trigues of Germany against a friendly state. The British government allowed Swedish official messages in the Swedish code to pass over its cable lines because Sweden is a neutral nation, in name if not in fact. The Swedish government took advantage of this privilege to lend aid to an enemy of Great Britain and not only violated neutrality, but was guilty of bad faith. There is good reason to believe that the British government will take action designed to make impossible a repetition of the offense.

The whole incident constitutes an illuminating and instructive revelation of the sinister forces with which the United States and the Allies must contend in fighting Germany, while maintaining on good terms with nations ostensibly neutral, although secretly lending aid and comfort to the enemy. Sweden has suffered a loss of reputation in this country which will nullify the efforts to induce President Wilson to modify his embargo on exports to that country, if it results in nothing more serious.

A GOOD SUGGESTION.

Try Chamberlain's Tablets when bilious or constipated. You are certain to be much pleased with them. They are easy to take and pleasant in effect. For sale by all dealers. Hanson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii. Advertisement.

British Artillery Fire Grows In Greater Intensity

Flanders Scene of Terrific Bombardment and Attacks of Greater Importance Than Recent Raids Confidently Expected

NEW YORK, September 20—(Associated Press)—Increased intensity in the already terrific fire of the British artillery on the West front was the most significant news received from any of the theaters of war. It seems indicative of attacks in Flanders on a larger scale than the recent raids that have been conducted and attention is being directed to and concentrated upon that sector in anticipation of big developments in the very near future. Meantime the French continue the policy of hammering away persistently and keeping the Huns thoroughly occupied at the same time continuing a bombardment that is second only to that of the British.

Bombardment is unremitting in the Ypres sector yesterday the bombardment by the British was unremitting and more intense than ever. Thousands upon thousands of big shells were showered over the enemy's positions which were rent and torn and ripped to pieces by the thunderous explosions. No infantry attacks accompanied the display of artillery force.

Berlin reported that the fire had been the most destructive of any directed upon German positions in Flanders at this time. Observers point to the probability concerted attacks will be directed at various points from Houthulst Woods, northwest of Ypres, to the River Lys. It is possible that this may be delayed by the arrival of reinforcements from opposite the French fronts although the activity of the police is looked upon to prevent this possibility. In such event the French are prepared to thrust their infantry forward in more severe raids than have been practiced.

French Continue Raids. Yesterday the French, while continuing a heavy artillery fire conducted a number of comparatively small but successful raids from which they brought out numbers of Hun prisoners. Artillery fire on both sides of the Meuse was heavy.

Berlin reported that French aircraft were also busy raiding and made bomb attacks from above seven cities in Wurttemberg, along the Rhine, in Prussia and in Alsace, and in these raids used bombs of unusually large size and power.

Italian activity along the Trentino front, in addition to the usual activity on the Isonzo front was reported from Rome. Under cover of bombardments a number of raids were successfully conducted.

Petrograd reported that the Rumanians had occupied the heights south of Grozechetel in the Oena region after overcoming a strong resistance.

BRITISH LOSSES FOR WEEK OVER 27,000

LONDON, September 20—(Associated Press)—British casualties for the week ending September 18, were last night announced to have been 125 officers and 27,500 enlisted men killed in action, or died from wounds received in action and 431 officers and 21,843 men wounded or missing.

GREAT NORTHERN AND NORTHERN PACIFIC ARE TAKEN BY GOVERNMENT

PORTLAND, September 18—(Associated Press)—Both the Great Northern and the Northern Pacific were taken over by the Government today from the Great Northern Pacific Steamship Company. Immediately on the receipt of the order the transfer was at once made by the company.

AMERICANS ARE TO RECEIVE FOOD KITS

Arrangements Made To Supply Prisoners in Germany—Rumanians in Dire Need

WASHINGTON, September 20—(Associated Press)—Plans and needs of the Red Cross and other relief workers were made plain in reports that were issued from different sources yesterday. Plans for the relief of American prisoners and the needs of other belligerents that are suffering dire straits for lack of essential supplies for the care of sick and wounded.

American prisoners in Germany are to receive every two weeks through the committee of the Red Cross three kits of food, each containing nine or ten pounds. This will be done through the Switzerland Red Cross Committee. The Germans have agreed to this and it is understood that each prisoner shall personally sign a receipt in his own hand for the kit that is assigned to him. There are now 101 prisoners.

Rumania is so short of medical and surgical supplies that the wounds of the injured are dressed with sawdust. The American commission in Rumania yesterday announced that there is the most urgent need for supplies and equipment, for ambulance and transportation wagon drivers, and the suffering for medical and surgical supplies is pathetic.

CONFEREES FAIL TO MAKE MUCH HEADWAY

WASHINGTON, September 20—(Associated Press)—Possibility of securing an early agreement on the War Revenue Tax Bill by the conferees grows dimmer and there is little or no likelihood of a report out of committee this week.

Wrangles over the provisions of the tax bill relating to second class postage and mail rates, and excess profits took up the time of the conferees yesterday and progress was halted by talk that seemed futile. House and senate seemed as far apart as ever when a recess was taken until today. Consideration will then be resumed of the same provisions.

ALLIES CERTAIN TO ASK FOR INDEMNITIES

PARIS, France, Sept. 19—(Associated Press)—In an interview today Jules Cambon, general secretary of the ministry of foreign affairs, speaking of the annexation of Alsace-Lorraine from Germany, said the "French never would have thought of imposing war on the world to retake them, but as war had been imposed on them they were demanding that they be returned to them."

"As regards reparation, the most elementary principles of justice require the payment to France and Belgium of indemnities for German depredations."

SUBMARINE TOLL FOR WEEK IS LESS SEVERE

LONDON, September 20—(Associated Press)—Diminishing success in the Hun ruthless submarine policy is shown in the report issued by the Admiralty last night of the losses to British shipping for the preceding week. Eight vessels of more than 1600 tons were sunk and twenty under that tonnage. Reports from Rome said that Italian losses in the same period were two vessels.

TO DELIVER LIBERTY BONDS NEXT TUESDAY

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19—(Associated Press)—Delivery of Liberty Bonds of the first issue will begin on Tuesday, September 26, it was announced yesterday by Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo.

Secretary McAdoo announced that the second Liberty loan campaign will close on November next, and that the active campaign will begin not later than October 1.

UNITED STATES PLANNING TO DOUBLE ITS PROMISES

Announcement Is Made Simultaneously With Mustering In Of Three Hundred Thousand More Young Men For National Army And Wakens Enthusiasm

WASHINGTON, September 20—(Associated Press)—Yesterday, while throughout the country, amidst popular enthusiasm, the boys of the nation to the number of more than three hundred thousand were answering to their names on the muster rolls for the National Army and entraining for their sixteen training camps, announcement was made here that the government is preparing to equip and put into the field a fighting force of two million, three hundred thousand men.

The only response to this announcement, which makes it plain that the administration plans to more than double the original estimates of the number of men required to help the Allies win the war, was an increased enthusiasm amongst all those who received the news.

ANNOUNCEMENT THROUGH BAKER

The announcement came when Secretary Baker and the chiefs of the war department submitted requests to the senate appropriation committee for an additional appropriation of \$287,416,000, required to complete the equipment for the total force planned of 2,300,000 men.

Accompanying this announcement came a statement from Vice-President Stephens of the shipping board that the government would require every available American merchantmen for transport and supply purposes by next June, when it was proposed to have landing in France an army exceeding two million men. The moving of this great force, the greatest by far ever despatched across an ocean, is to commence very shortly, the announcement of the shipping board being that within two months the shipping resources of the government, with its present available tonnage, would be strained to the limit.

WILL REQUIRE MORE SHIPPING

After that time the government will be obliged to commence taking over privately owned shipping for transatlantic work as transport and supply ships. The demand will require the shipping on both the Atlantic and Pacific.

Reports from all over the country yesterday stated that the work of mobilization of the first major increment of the first drafted quota was proceeding without a hitch and that the enrolment of the young men was being made a gala event in thousands of the draft districts. Something over three hundred thousand men in all are gathering and entraining, representing forty per cent of the quota under the first call. Some thirty thousand drafted men are already in the mobilization camps, having responded to their call on the fifth.

So systematically is the work of enrolling and forwarding these men proceeding that it is believed by the officials of the provost marshal's office that the entire forty-five per cent will be under military control and ready for their first training by Saturday.

OFFICERS LOST ON MOUNTAIN SLOPES

Surrounded By Fog Are Unable To Find Way Back To Camp Until Next Day

Three officers of the Fourth Cavalry were lost overnight on the slopes of Mauna Loa recently according to reports received from Hilo. Part of the Fourth Cavalry has been encamped at Kilauea for the past week.

The report states that Major Vanway, Dr. Bull, and Dr. Clark started on Thursday morning on a hunt for wild goats. They had gone some little way from camp when one of the heavy fogs usual on the mountain surrounded them, and they could not go forward or back, as their sense of direction was entirely lost in the fog.

They proceeded on hands and knees on account of the many gaping holes in the vicinity, and after some distance was covered in this manner reached a fence, near which they camped for the night. When morning came the fog had lifted, and they found themselves quite near the stone shack where they had been told to spend the night. They did some goat hunting and spent the next night in the stone house before returning to the camp. Major Vanway brought a small black kid into camp for a mascot.

LOANS TO ALLIES NEAR TWO AND A HALF BILLION

WASHINGTON, September 19—(Associated Press)—It was announced today that additional loans have been made to England and France, bringing the total amount loaned to the Entente Allies to over \$2,391,000,000.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS

FAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure piles, bleeding, itching or protruding PILES in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. Manufactured by the PARIS MEDICINE CO., St. Louis, U. S. A.

Congratulations on Birthday Are Extended Governor

Chamber of Commerce Sends Him a Bouquet and Hawaiians Offer Hookupu On Sixty-seventh Anniversary

The members of the Honolulu Chamber of Commerce at their regular meeting yesterday afternoon voted to extend their congratulations to Governor Pinkham on the occasion of his sixty-seventh birthday. Raymond C. Brown was deputed to present this congratulations and a bouquet of flowers to the territorial executive from the chamber.

An old-time hookupu was offered to Governor Pinkham by a number of aged Hawaiians yesterday morning. Part of the large quantity of eggs, chickens, fish, papayas, bananas, and so forth, were sent later in the day to the home for non-leprous children of leprosy parents in Kalihi.

W. J. Coelho arranged the hookupu for the Governor's birthday. The land office clerk and ex-senator knew the anniversary was approaching, and issued instructions which brought out the crowd of Hawaiians at six o'clock yesterday morning, when they gathered on the lawn of the Governor's cottage on Hackfeld Street. Some didn't know who they were honoring, but they were promptly on hand.

The Hawaiian band was on the scene and played throughout the morning. An old Hawaiian woman offered up a prayer for the executive, and the Governor spoke some words of thanks for the kindly spirit shown in the bringing of the gifts, referring to his sincere friendship for Queen Liliuokalani and the Hawaiian people.

Governor Pinkham was born in Chiscope Falls, Massachusetts. He first came to Hawaii twenty-six years ago.